

POI

The other level *pointblank* at the inventing of causes and axioms.

Unless it be the cannon ball,
That shot it's air *pointblank* upright,
Was born to that prodigious height,
That learn'd philosophers maintain,
It ne'er came back.

The faculties that were given us for the glory of our master,
are turned *pointblank* against the intention of them. *L'Estr.*
Eltius declares, that although all the schoolmen were for
Latria to be given to the cross, yet that it is *pointblank* against
the definition of the council of Nice.

23. *Point de vue*; exact or exactly in the point of view.
Every thing about you should demonstrate a careful defo-
lation; but you are rather *point de vue* in your accoutrements,
as loving yourself, than the lover of another.

I will baffle Sir Toby, I will wash off gross acquaintance,
I will be *point de vue* the very man.

Men's behaviour should be like their apparel, not too
straight or *point de vue*, but free for exercise.

To *POINT*. *v. a.* [from the noun.]
1. To sharpen; to forge or grind to a point.

The princes of Germany had but a dull fear of the great-
ness of Spain; now that fear is sharpened and *pointed*, by
the Spaniards late enterprises upon the Palatinate.

Part-new grind the blunted ax, and *point* the dart.

What help will all my heav'nly friends afford,
When to my breast I lift the *pointed* sword.

The two pinnæ stand upon either side, like the wings in the
petasus of a Mercury, but rise much higher, and are
more *pointed*.

Some on *pointed* wood
Transfix'd the fragments, some prepar'd the food.

2. To direct towards an object, by way of forcing it on the
notice.

Alas to make me
A fixed figure, for the hand of scorn
To *point* his slow unmeaning finger at.

Mount Hermon, yonder sea, each place behold
As I *point*.

3. To direct the eye or notice.
Whoever should be guided through his battles by Min-
erva, and *pointed* to every scene of them, would fee nothing
but subjects of surprize.

4. To show as by directing the finger.
From the great sea, you shall *point* out for you mount Hor.

It will become us, as rational creatures, to follow the di-
rection of nature, where it seems to *point* us out the way.

I shall do justice to those who have distinguished them-
selves in learning, and *point* out their beauties.

Is not the elder
By nature *pointed* out for preference?

5. [*Pointer*, Fr.] To direct towards a place: as, the cannon
were *pointed* against the fort.

6. To distinguish by stops or points.
To *POINT*. *v. n.*

1. To note with the finger; to force upon the notice, by di-
recting the finger towards it. With at commonly, sometimes
to before the thing indigited.

Now must the world *point* at poor Catharine,
And say, lo! there is mad Petruchio's wife.

Sometimes we use one finger only, as in *pointing* at any
thing.

Who fortune's fault upon the poor can throw,
Point at the tatter'd coat and ragged shoe.

2. To distinguish words or sentences by points.
Point at their wounds, and cry aloud to battle.

3. To indicate as dogs do to sportmen.
Fond the Jews are of their method of *pointing*.

The subtle dog scow'rs with sagacious nose,
Now the warm scent assures the covey near,
He treads with caution, and he *points* with fear.

4. To show.
To *point* at what time the balance of power was most
equally held between their lords and commons in Rome,
would perhaps admit a controversy.

POINTED. *adj.* or *participle*. [from *point*.]
1. Sharp; having a sharp point or pic.

Who now reads Cowley? if he pleases, yet
His moral pleases, not his *pointed* wit;

A *pointed* flinty rock, all bare and black,
Grew gibbous from behind.

2. Epigrammatical; abounding in conceits.
POINTEDLY. *adv.* [from *pointed*.] In a pointed manner.

The copiousness of his wit was such, that he often writ
too *pointedly* for his subject.

POINTEDNESS. *n. f.* [from *pointed*.]
1. Sharpness; pick'dness with asperity.

The vicious language is vast and gaping, swelling and ir-
regular; when it contends to be high, full of rock, moun-
tain and *pointedness*.

2. Epigrammatical; smartness.

Like Horace, you only expose the follies of men; and in
this excel him, that you add *pointedness* of thought.

POINTEL. *n. f.* Any thing on a point.
These poises or *pointels* are, for the most part, little balls,
set at the top of a slender stalk, which they can move every
way at pleasure.

POINTNER. *n. f.* [from *point*.]
1. Any thing that points.
I ought to tell him what are the wheels, springs, *pointer*,
hammer and bell whereby a clock gives notice of the time.

2. A dog that points out the game to sportmen.
The well taught *pointer* leads the way,
The scent grows warm; he stops, he springs his prey.

POINTINGSTOCK. *n. f.* [pointing and stock.] Something made
the object of ridicule.
I, his forlorn dutchess,
Was made a wonder and a *pointingstock*
To every idle rascal follower.

POINTLESS. *adj.* [from *point*.] Blunt; not sharp; obtuse.
Lay that *pointless* clergy-weapon by,
And to the laws, your sword of justice, fly.

POISON. *n. f.* [poison, Fr.] That which destroys or injures
life by a small quantity, and by means not obvious to the
senses; venom.

The tongue is an unruly evil, full of deadly *poison*.
Themselves were first to do the ill,
E'er they thereof the knowledge could attain;
Like him that knew not *poison*'s power to kill,
Until, by tasting it, himself was slain.

One gives another a cup of *poison*, but at the same time
tells him it is a cordial, and so he drinks it off and dies.

To *POISON*. *v. a.* [from the noun.]
1. To infect with poison.
Envy is a lawless enemy, against whom *poisoned* arrows
may be used.

2. To attack, injure or kill by poison given.
He was so discouraged, that he *poisoned* himself and died.

3. To corrupt; to taint.
The other messenger,
Whose welcome I perceiv'd, had *poison'd* mine.

With thy false arts *poison'd* his people's loyalty?

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2. Epigrammatical smartness.

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POISON-TREE. *n. f.* [*toxicodendron*.] A plant. The flower
consists of five leaves, which are placed orbicularly, and ex-
pand in form of a rose, out of whose flower cup rises the
pointal, which afterwards becomes a roundish, dry, and for
the most part a furrowed fruit, in which is contained one
compressed seed.

POISONER. *n. f.* [from *poison*.]
1. One who poisons.

I must be the *poisoner*
Of good Polixenes.

So many mischiefs were in one combin'd;
So much one single *poisoner* cost mankind.

2. A corrupter.
Wretches who live upon other men's sins, the common
poisoners of youth, getting their very bread by the damnation
of souls.

POISONOUS. *adj.* [from *poison*.] Venomous; having the qua-
lities of poison.

Those cold ways,
That seem like prudent helps, are very *poisonous*,
Where the disease is violent.

Not sirus shoots a fiercer flame,
When with his *poisonous* breath he blasts the sky.

A lake, that has no fresh water running into it, will, by
heat and its stagnation, turn into a stinking rotten puddle,
sending forth noxious and *poisonous* steams.

POISONOUSLY. *adv.* [from *poisonous*.] Venomously.
Men more easily pardon ill things done, than ill things
said; such a peculiar rancour and venom do they leave be-
hind in men's minds, and so much more *poisonously* and inicu-
rably does the serpent bite with his tongue than his teeth.

POISONOUSNESS. *n. f.* [from *poisonous*.] The quality of being
poisonous; venomousness.

POITREL. *n. f.* [*poitrel*, *pairine*, Fr. *pettorale*, Italian; *petto-
rale*, Lat.]

1. Armour for the breast of a horse.

2. A graving tool.

POIZE. *n. f.* [*poiz*, French.]
1. Weight; force of any thing tending to the center.

He fell, as an huge rockie cliff,
Whose false foundation, waves have wash'd away
With dreadful *poize*, is from the main land rent.

When I have suit,
It shall be full of *poize* and difficulty,
And fearful to be granted.

2. Balance;

POL

2. Balance; equipoise; equilibrium.
To do't at peril of your soul,
Were equal *poize* of sin and charity.

Where an equal *poize* of hope and fear
Does arbitrate th' event, my nature is
That I incline to hope.

The particles that formed the earth, must convene from all
quarters towards the middle, which would make the whole
compound to rest in a *poize*.

3. A regulating power.
Men of an unbounded imagination often want the *poize* of
judgment.

To *POIZE*. *v. a.* [*poizer*, French.]
1. To balance; to hold or place in equiponderance.

How nice to couch? how all her speeches *poized* be:
A nymph thus turn'd, but mended in translation.

As the lands
Of Barca or Cyrene's torrid soil,
Levy'd to side with warring winds, and *poize*
Their lighter wings.

Nor yet was earth suspended in the sky,
Nor *poiz'd* did on her own foundation lie.

Our nation with united int'rest blest,
Nor now content to *poize*, shall sway the rest.

Where could they find another form'd so fit,
To *poize* with solid sense a sprightly wit!

Th' all-perfect mind
That *poiz'd*, impels and rules the steady whole.

2. To be equiponderant to.
If the balance of our lives had not one scale of reason to
poize another of sensuality, the benefits of our natures would
conduct us to preposterous conclusions.

3. To weigh.
We *poizing* us in her defective scale
Shall weigh thee to the beam.

He cannot sincerely consider the strength, *poize* the weight
and discern the evidence of the clearest argumentations, where
they would conclude against his desires.

4. To oppress with weight.
I'll strive, with troubl'd thoughts, to take a nap,
Left leaden slumber *poize* me down to-morrow,
When I should mount with wings of victory.

POKE. *n. f.* [*pocca*, Sax. *pocha*, Fr.] A pocket; a small
bag.

I will not buy a pig in a *poke*.
She suddenly unties the *poke*,
Which out of it sent such a smoke,
As ready was them all to choke,
So grievous was the pother.

My correspondent writes against master's gowns and *poke*
sleeves.

To *POKE*. *v. a.* [*poka*, Swedish.] To feel in the dark; to
search any thing with a long instrument.

If their presumed eyes be clipped off, they will make use
of their protrusions or horns, and *poke* out their way as
before.

POKER. *n. f.* [from *poke*.] The iron bar with which men stir
the fire.

With *poker* fiery red
Crack the stones, and melt the lead.

If the *poker* be out of the way, stir the fire with the
tongs.

POLEAR. *adj.* [*polaire*, Fr. from *pole*.] Found near the pole;
lying near the pole; issuing from the pole.

As when two *polar* winds, blowing adverse
Upon the Cronian sea, together drive
Mountains of ice.

I doubt
If any fuffer on the *polar* coast,
The rage of Arctos, and eternal frost.

POLARITY. *n. f.* [from *polar*.] Tendency to the pole.
This *polarity* from refrigeration, upon extremity and defect
of a loadstone, might touch a needle any where.

POLARY. *adj.* [*polaris*, Lat.] Tending to the pole; having a
direction toward the poles.

Irons, heated red hot, and cooled in the meridian from
North to South, contract a *polary* power.

POLE. *n. f.* [*polus*, Lat. *pole*, Fr.]
1. The extremity of the axis of the earth; either of the points
on which the world turns.

From the centre thrice to the utmost *pole*.

From *pole* to *pole*
The fork lightning flashes, the roaring thunders roll.

2. [*Pole*, Sax. *pals*, *pals*, Fr. *pals*, Italian and Spanish; *palus*,
Lat.] A long staff.

A long *pole*, struck upon gravel in the bottom of the wa-
ter, maketh a found.

If after some distinguish'd leap,
He drops his *pole*, and seems to slip;

2. Balance;

POL

Straight gath'ring all his active strength,
He rises higher.

He ordered to arm long *poles* with sharp hooks, wherewith
they took hold of the tackling which held the mainyard to the
mast, then rowing the ship, they cut the tackling, and brought
the mainyard by the board.

3. A tall piece of timber erected.
Wither'd is the garland of the war,
The foldier's *pole* is fall'n.

Live to be the show and gaze o' th' time,
We'll have thee as our rarer monst'ers are
Painted upon a *pole*, and underwit,
Here may you see the tyrant.

4. A measure of length containing five yards and a half.
This ordinance of titing them by the *pole* is not only fit
for the gentlemen, but also the noblemen.

Every *pole* square of mud, twelve inches deep, is worth
six pence a *pole* to fling out.

5. An instrument of measuring.
A peer of the realm and a counsellor of state are not to be
measured by the common yard, but by the *pole* of special
grace.

To *POLE*. *v. a.* [from the noun.] To furnish with poles.
Begin not to *pole* your hops.

POLEAXE. *n. f.* [*pole* and *axe*.] An axe fixed to a long pole.
To beat religion into the brains with a *poleaxe*, is to offer
victims of human blood.

One hung a *poleaxe* at his saddle bow,
And one a heavy mace to slun the foe.

POLECAT. *n. f.* [*Pole* or *Polish* cat, because they abound in
Poland.] The fitchew; a stinking animal.

Polecats? there are fairer things than *polecats*.
Out of my door, you witch! you hag, you *polecat*! out,
out, out; I'll conjure you.

She, at a pin in the wall, hung like a *polecat* in a warren,
to amuse them.

How should he, harmless youth,
Who kill'd but *polecats*, learn to murder men.

POLEDAVIES. *n. f.* A sort of coarse cloth.

POLEMICAL. } *adj.* [*πολεμικός*.] Controversial; disputative.

I have had but little respite from these *polemical* exercises,
and notwithstanding all the rage and malice of the adver-
saries of our church, I sit down contented.

The nullity of this distinction has been solidly shewn by
most of our *polemical* writers of the protestant church.

The best method to be used with these *polemical* ladies, is
to shew them the ridiculous side of their cause.

POLEMICK. *n. f.* Disputant; controversial.
Each staunch *polemick* stubborn as a rock,
Came whip and spur.

POLEMONOSCOPE. *n. f.* [*πολεμωσκόπιο* and *σκοπία*.] In optics, is
a kind of crooked or oblique perspective glass, contrived for
seeing objects that do not lie directly before the eye.

POLESTAR. *n. f.* [*pole* and *star*.]
1. A star near the pole, by which navigators compute their nor-
thern latitude; cynosure; lodestar.

If a pilot at sea cannot see the *polestar*, let him steer his
course by such stars as best appear to him.

I was failing in a vast ocean without other help than the
polestar of the ancients.

2. Any guide or director.

POLEY-MOUNTAIN. *n. f.* [*polium*, Lat.] A plant.
The *poley-mountain* hath a labiated flower, consisting of one
leaf, whose stamina supply the place of a crest; the beard is
divided into five segments as the germander; out of the flower
cup rises the pointal, attended, as it were, by four embryos,
which afterward become so many seeds shut up in the flower
cup: the flowers are collected into an head upon the top of
the stalks and branches.

POLICE. *n. f.* [French.] The regulation and government
of a city or country, so far as regards the inhabitants.

POLED. *adj.* [from *police*.] Regulated; formed into a regu-
lar course of administration.

Where there is a kingdom altogether unable or indignant to
govern, it is a just cause of war for another nation, that is
civil or *policed*, to subdue them.

POLICY. *n. f.* [*πολιτικά*; *politica*, Lat.]
1. The art of government, chiefly with respect to foreign
powers.

2. Art; prudence; management of affairs; stratagem.

The *policy* of that purpose is made more in the marriage,
than the love of the parties.

If it be honour in your wars to seem
The same you are not, which for your best ends
You call your *policy*; how is't less or worse,
But it shall hold companionship in peace
With honour as in war.

If she be curst, it is for *policy*,
For she's not froward, but modest.

The best rule of *policy*, is to prefer the doing of justice
before all enjoyments.

The